City of Kensington

Kensington, Kansas

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

MAPES & MILLER Certified Public Accountants Phillipsburg, Kansas 67661

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

City Council

Judy Bates George Powell Terry Smith

JoAnn Rice David Wahl

Leland Rahjes, Mayor

Mary Beach City Clerk
Tonja Westerman City Treasurer

City of Kensington Kensington, Kansas

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

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MAPES & MILLER LLP

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A PARTNERSHIP OF PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Kensington Kensington, Kansas 66951

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Kensington, Kansas, a Municipality, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide as described in Note 1 to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the
City of Kensington to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the financial reporting

Mayor and City Council Kensington, Kansas August 12, 2013 Page Two

provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Kensington, Kansas as of December 31, 2012, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of Kensington, Kansas, as of December 31, 2012, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide described in Note 1.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the 2012 fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the 2012 basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2012 basic financial statement. The 2012 information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2012 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2012 basic financial statement or to the 2012 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

Mapes + Miller LLP

Certified Public Accountants

August 12, 2013 Phillipsburg, Kansas

Statement 1

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND UNENCUMBERED CASH REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

											Add		
	В	eginning	Prior	Year					Ending	Encumbrances			
	Une	ncumbered	Cance	elled				Une	ncumbered	and	Accounts		Ending
FUNDS	Cas	h Balance	Encumb	rances	Receipts	Ex	penditures	Cas	sh Balance	ı	Payable	Ca	sh Balance
General Fund					 ·								
General Operating Fund	\$	62,542	\$	-	\$ 178,264	\$	145,375	\$	95,431	\$	7,146	\$	102,577
Special Purpose Funds													
Library Fund		560		-	6,595		7,021		134		-		134
Park & Recreation Fund		470		-	1,278		1,413		335		105		440
Special Highway Fund		2,244		-	12,215		13,200		1,259		-		1,259
Capital Improvements Fund		188,010		-	64,000		59,051		192,959		-		192,959
Business Funds													
Swimming Pool Fund		91		-	13,470		12,707		854		-		854
Water Fund		22,107		-	108,448		82,249		48,306		3,803		52,109
Sewer Fund		24,100		-	44,823		50,258		18,665		85		18,750
Solid Waste Fund		24,629		-	27,958		27,699		24,888		-		24,888
Utility Meter Deposit Fund				-	 1,300		1,300		-		5,400		5,400
Total Financial Reporting Entity	\$	324,753	\$	-	\$ 458,351	\$	400,273	\$	382,831	\$	16,539	\$	399,370
								Compos	sition of Cash:				
								Cash	on Hand			\$	40
								Checl	king Account				200
									' Account				185,604
								CDs					213,526
								Tot	al Financial R	eporting	Entity	\$	399,370

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Kensington, Kansas, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and an elected five member council. This financial statement presents the City of Kensington, the Municipality, and does not include its related municipal entities.

B. Regulatory Basis Fund Types

General Fund - the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Funds - used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

Business Funds - funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service fund etc.)

C. Regulatory Basis Of Accounting And Departure From Accounting Principles Generally Accepted In The United States Of America

The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the municipality to use the statutory basis of accounting.

D. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for `this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds, trust funds and the following:

Special Purpose Funds:
Capital Improvements Fund
Enterprise Fund:
Utility Meter Deposit Fund

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirements is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

2. STEWARSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Kansas Statutes

- A. Fund encumbrance records were not maintained during the year ended December 31, 2012 as required by K.S.A. 10-1117.
- B. The City is not aware of any other non-compliance with Kansas statutes.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located or in an adjoining County, if such an institution has been designated as an official depository and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during the designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2012.

At December 31, 2012, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$399,330 and the bank balance was \$403,071. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance \$250,062 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$153,009 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured.

4. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

		Regulatory	
From	rom To		Amount
General Operating Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	K.S.A. 12-1,118	\$ 30,000
Special Highway Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	K.S.A. 12-1,118	2,000
Sewer Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	K.S.A. 12-825d	30,000
Solid Waste Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	K.S.A. 12-825d	2,000

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan description. The City of Kensington contributes to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by Kansas law. KPERS provides retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S Kansas, Suite 100; Topeka, KS 66603-3869) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Funding Policy. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2009 KPERS has two benefit structures and funding depends on whether the employee is a Tier 1 or Tier 2 member. Tier 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. Tier 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009. Kansas law establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 4% of covered salary for Tier 1 members and at 6% of covered salary for Tier 2 members. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. Kansas law provides that employer contribution rates be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the contribution rates.

6. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

(a) Other Post Employment Benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the City is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in these financial statements.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

(b) Other Employee Benefits

Vacation and Sick Leave

The City Clerk and maintenance person receive fifteen days of vacation each year. The maintenance person receives thirty days of non-accumulative sick leave each year. Unused vacation leave and sick leave cannot be carried over to the following year unless approved by the City Council.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has purchased commercial insurance for these potential risks.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the City did not reduce insurance coverage from levels in place during the prior year. No settlements have exceeded coverage levels in place during the past three years.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

Issue	Interest Rates	Date of Issue	Amount of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	E	eginning Balance /1/2012	Add	ditions	ductions/ ayments	Ва	nding lance 11/2012	Ser	nterest/ vice Fees Paid
KDHE Loan	3.56%	11/27/95	\$ 208,959	2016	* \$	64,586	\$		\$ 64,586	\$		\$	1,573

^{*} The City approved to pay off the remaining balance of the KDHE loan on April 10, 2012.

CITY OF KENSINGTON, KANSAS REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Schedule 1

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

FUNDS	Certified Budget	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison		Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year		Variance Over (Under)
General Fund							
General Operating Fund	\$ 206,868	\$ -	\$ 206,868	\$	145,375	\$	(61,493)
Special Purpose Funds							
Library Fund	7,021	-	7,021		7,021		-
Park & Recreation Fund	1,493	-	1,493		1,413		(80)
Special Highway Fund	14,698	-	14,698		13,200		(1,498)
Business Funds							
Swimming Pool Fund	12,707	-	12,707		12,707		-
Water Fund	85,431	-	85,431		82,249		(3,182)
Sewer Fund	77,779	-	77,779		50,258		(27,521)
Solid Waste Fund	46,780	-	46,780		27,699		(19,081)

Schedule 2-1 Page 1 of 2

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

GENERAL OPERATING FUND

u	ENERAL OPERATING FUND			
DECEMBE	Actual		Budget	 Variance Over (Under)
RECEIPTS	.		12701	44001
Ad Valorem Tax	\$ 62,088	\$	62,781	\$ (693)
Delinquent Tax	3,463		1,200	2,263
Motor Vehicle Tax	19,149		19,708	(559)
Recreational Vehicle Tax	207		239	(32)
16/20M Vehicle Tax	359		373	(14)
Intangibles Tax	14,789		13,214	1,575
Local Alcoholic Liquor Tax	1,278		1,385	(107)
Franchise Tax	15,121		17,000	(1,879)
Licenses & Permits	227		1,000	(773)
Fines	1,714		3,500	(1,786)
Interest on Idle Funds	2,964		6,500	(3,536)
Reimbursements	6,905		15,000	(8,095)
Miscellaneous Receipts	-		3,000	(3,000)
Grants	50,000		4,800	 45,200
Total Receipts	178,264	<u>\$</u>	149,700	\$ 28,564
EXPENDITURES				
Personal Services	34,411	\$	34,000	\$ 411
Law Enforcement	9,600		8,500	1,100
Insurance	20,808		19,000	1,808
Utilities	14,194		19,000	(4,806)
Utility Interest	71		-	71
Taxes	5,134		6,800	(1,666)
Attorney	1,091		1,800	(709)
Printing & Advertising	1,014		1,568	(554)
Merchandise	-		500	(500)
Swimming Pool				, ,
Personal Services	8,448		5,900	2,548
Repairs	-		1,000	(1,000)
Chemicals	4,883		5,000	(117)
Utilities	<u>-</u>		3,500	(3,500)
Concessions	583		1,000	(417)
Capital Outlay	5,450		, <u>-</u>	5,450
Miscellaneous	90		200	(110)
Red Cross Training	600		-	`600 [′]

Schedule 2-1 Page 2 of 2

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

GENERAL OPERATING FUND

			Variance Over
	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	 (Under)
EXPENDITURES (Cont.)		_	
Miscellaneous Expenditures	4,957	\$ 5,000	\$ (43)
Contractual Services	470	20,000	(19,530)
Capital Outlay	3,080	50,000	(46,920)
Reimbursements	-	3,500	(3,500)
Alcoholic Beverage Control	25	-	25
NWKP	246	600	(354)
Kansas League	220	-	220
Outgoing Transfer			
Capital Improvements Fund	30,000	 20,000	 10,000
Total Expenditures	145,375	\$ 206,868	\$ (61,493)
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	32,889		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012	62,542		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$ 95,431		

Schedule 2-2

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

LIBRARY FUND

			,	Variance Over	
	 Actual	Budget	(Under)		
RECEIPTS					
Ad Valorem Tax	\$ 4,754	\$ 4,857	\$	(103)	
Delinquent Tax	283	50		233	
Motor Vehicle Tax	1,512	1,542		(30)	
Recreational Vehicle Tax	16	19		(3)	
16/20M Vehicle Tax	 30	29	•	1	
Total Receipts	 6,595	\$ 6,497	\$	98	
EXPENDITURES					
Appropriation to Library	 7,021	\$ 7,021	\$		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(426)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012	 560				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$ 134				

Schedule 2-3

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

PARK & RECREATION FUND

		Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)
RECEIPTS Local Alcoholic Liquor Tax	ς .	1,278	ς .	1,385	ς.	(107)
Local Alcoholic Liquol Tax	4	1,270	-	1,503	<u>*</u>	(107)
EXPENDITURES Contractual Services		1,413	\$	1,493	\$	(80)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(135)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012		470				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$	335				

Schedule 2-4

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

			Variance Over
	 Actual	 Budget	(Under)
RECEIPTS			
Special Gasoline Tax	\$ 12,215	\$ 12,680	\$ (465)
EXPENDITURES			
Contractual Services	11,200	\$ 11,334	\$ (134)
Outgoing Transfer			
Capital Improvements Fund	 2,000	3,364	(1,364)
Total Expenditures	13,200	\$ 14,698	\$ (1,498)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(985)		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012	 2,244		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$ 1,259		

Schedule 2-5

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Actual
RECEIPTS	
Incoming Transfers	_
General Operating Fund	\$ 30,000
Special Highway Fund	2,000
Sewer Fund	30,000
Solid Waste	2,000
Total Receipts	64,000
EXPENDITURES	
Principal	58,628
Interest	393
Service Fees	30
Total Expenditures	59,051
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	4,949
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012	188,010
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$ 192,959

Schedule 2-6

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

SWIMMING POOL FUND

		Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
RECEIPTS	-	Actual	buuget	 (Onder)
Admissions	\$	7,068	\$ 7,000	\$ 68
Concessions		2,164	2,300	(136)
Lessons		1,059	2,500	(1,441)
Local Grants		2,700	-	2,700
Reimbursements		479	 	 479
Total Receipts		13,470	\$ 11,800	\$ 1,670
EXPENDITURES				
Personal Services		6,307	\$ 7,200	\$ (893)
Utilities		2,578	800	1,778
Supplies		1,808	100	1,708
Chemicals		584	1,557	(973)
Concessions		1,033	1,100	(67)
Repairs		-	1,500	(1,500)
Red Cross Training		13	400	(387)
Miscellaneous Expenditures		384	50	 334
Total Expenditures		12,707	\$ 12,707	\$
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		763		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012		91		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$	854		

Schedule 2-7

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

WATER FUND

	Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
RECEIPTS					_	
Fees Collected	\$	108,448	\$	71,000	<u>\$</u>	37,448
EXPENDITURES						
Personal Services		22,063	\$	19,822	\$	2,241
Operations		60,186		51,000		9,186
Capital Outlay		-		5,431		(5,431)
Outgoing Transfers						
Capital Improvements Fund		-		5,000		(5,000)
Sewer Fund		-		4,178		(4,178)
Total Expenditures		82,249	\$	85,431	\$	(3,182)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		26,199				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012		22,107				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$	48,306				

Schedule 2-8

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

SEWER FUND

	 Actual Budget		Variance Over (Under)		
RECEIPTS					
Fees Collected	\$ 44,823	\$	47,000	\$	(2,177)
Incoming Transfer					
Water Fund	 		4,178		(4,178)
Total Receipts	 44,823	\$	51,178	\$	(6,355)
EXPENDITURES					
Personal Services	11,013	\$	12,000	\$	(987)
Operations	2,137		15,000		(12,863)
Capital Outlay	-		30,337		(30,337)
Principal	5,958		12,022		(6,064)
Interest	1,069		2,039		(970)
Service Fees	81		154		(73)
Outgoing Transfer					
Capital Improvements Fund	 30,000		6,227		23,773
Total Expenditures	 50,258	\$	77,779	\$	(27,521)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,435)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012	 24,100				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$ 18,665				

Schedule 2-9

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

SOLID WASTE FUND

				Variance Over		
		Actual	Budget		(Under)	
RECEIPTS	·	·				
Fees Collected	\$	27,958	\$ 30,000	\$	(2,042)	
EXPENDITURES						
Removal of Waste		25,699	\$ 30,000	\$	(4,301)	
Testing & Tipping Fees		-	8,780		(8,780)	
Outgoing Transfer						
Capital Improvements Fund		2,000	 8,000		(6,000)	
Total Expenditures		27,699	\$ 46,780	\$	(19,081)	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		259				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012		24,629				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$	24,888				

Schedule 2-10

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

UTILITY METER DEPOSIT FUND

	Actual			
RECEIPTS Utility Deposits	\$	1,300		
EXPENDITURES Refunds		1,300		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		-		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, January 1, 2012				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, December 31, 2012	\$			